

Selectional Preferences for Word Sense Disambiguation – error detection

Hamdiye Arslan*, Martin F. Simmeth *, Oumar M. Dia*

*Departement of Computerlinguistik, Universität Heidelberg

1 Introduction/Motivation

✓ Selectional Preferences:

$$\text{Resnik's association strength: } \frac{p(\text{class}|\text{predicate})}{p(\text{class}|\text{predicate}) + \log \frac{p(\text{class})}{p(\text{class})}}$$

To determine how closely the verb selects his arguments (object / subject), calculate the Selectional preferences for this verb. This means the association between the predicate and the semantic categories with reference to the arguments

✓ WSD(word sense disambiguation):

Is the process of identifying which sense of a word is used in a sentence, when the word has multiple meanings

WSD is a difficult task for every WSD-System

✓ Goal : compute the Selectional

Preferences of verb-object-pairs in order to compare the gold standard senses with the given Ukb_WSD-senses

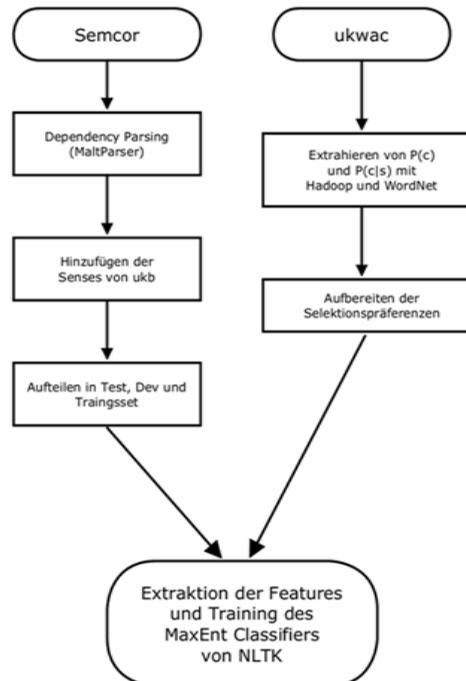


Figure 1: Procedure

2 Approach (Figure 1)

1. Compute selectional association

-Hadoop (Figure 2)

- Framework for distributed computers
- Base on MapReduce Algorithm
- Implemented in Java

-Dumbo

- Python interface for Hadoop
- Facilitate the writing and running of hadoop programs in Python
- could not get up to now a complete access to Hadoop API
- poor documented

- Hadoop/ Dumbo

- enable the use of UKWAC corpus as Database

2. Semcor for UKB_WSD-System

- Convert Semcor-xml-corpus into .conll Format
- Parse Semcor -conll-corpus with Malt Parser to get a dependent parsed basedata in order to identify verb-object-pair.
- run UKB_WSD to disambiguate

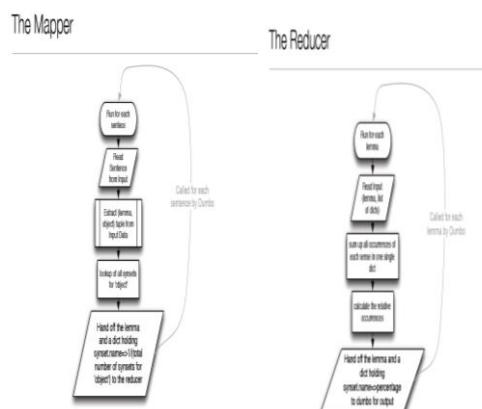


Figure 2: Mapper and Reducer

Example: ukb_output

```
ctx_02 w9 07190941-n !! charge  
ctx_02 w12 06693198-n !! praise  
ctx_03 w9 06681551-n !! report  
ctx_04 w12 05682950-n !! interest
```

3 Classify

✓ MaxEntClassifier with NLTK

-takes FeatureSet with Label as Input

Example of a featureset:

({'context: record': True, 'obj: action': True, 'verb: see': True, 'context: be': True, 'selPrefInTopTen': 'False', 'context: start': True, 'SenseNumber: 01': True, 'context: week': True}, False)

- Data has been splitted into Train-set, Development-set and Test-set

4 Evaluation

Evaluation was done on the Test-Set.

Precision: 0.712

Recall: 0.712

F1-Measure: 0.712

5 References

-Agirre and Soroa 2009. UKB: Graph Based Word Sense Disambiguation and Similarity

-Resnik, P. (1996). "Selectional constraints: an information-theoretic model and its computational realization . Cognition,61:127-159.

-Resnik, Philip. 1997. Selectional preference and sense disambiguation. In Proceedings of the SIGLEX Workshop on Tagging Text with Lexical Semantics: Why, What, and How? pages 52–57, Washington, DC.

•www.maltparser.org Malt Parser

•<http://nltk.googlecode.com/svn/trunk/doc/api/nltk.classify.maxent.MaxentClassifier-class.html> MaxEntClassifier